

Climate change is affecting every part of the Caribbean. Though contributing to less than 1% of total emissions, the Caribbean suffers disproportionately from climate change impacts. As a combination of island states and coastal territories, the Caribbean is a region extremely vulnerable to climate change — especially with its collective reliance on tourism and/or nature-based economies. Extreme weather events like hurricanes and droughts have become more destructive; livelihoods, including those in fisheries and agriculture, are threatened by unpredictable weather patterns; fragile ecosystems like coral reefs struggle to survive continuous coral bleaching events and disease outbreaks; while coastal communities are displaced due to sea-level rise.

The Enhancing Climate Resilience project, being implemented by the Caribbean Community Climate Change Centre (CCCCC), targets 16 CARIFORUM countries and aims to reduce the human and economic impacts of climate change while finding opportunities to build resilience. This will be accomplished through climate resilient water infrastructure, enhanced capacity and a more effective response to climate change by means of adaptation measures.

PROJECT TERM Four-year project of the Intra-ACP GCCA+ Programme in the Caribbean

BENEFICIARIES 16 CARIFORUM member countries

FINANCING €12-million project funded by the European Development Fund

## **KEY CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACTS ON THE CARIBBEAN**



QUICK

**FACTS** 

INTENSIFICATION AND HEIGHTENED SEVERITY OF WEATHER EVENTS



INCREASING GLOBAL TEMPERATURES CAUSE SEA LEVEL RISE



INFRASTRUCTURAL DAMAGE FROM CLIMATE EVENTS CONTRIBUTE TO DISPLACED COMMUNITIES



WARMER WATER TEMPERATURES BLEACH CORAL AND ENDANGER THE HEALTH OF REEF SYSTEMS



SIGNIFICANT COASTAL EROSION THROUGHOUT THE CARIBBEAN



CHANGES IN MARINE SPECIES ABUNDANCE AND DISTRIBUTION THREATEN LIVELIHOODS OF FISHER FOLK



KEY CARBON SINKS, LIKE OCEANS AND FORESTS ARE THREATENED



CLIMATE EXTREMES THREATEN AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SECURITY LEADING TO INCREASED FOOD PRICES



EXTREME CLIMATE EVENTS CAN LEAD TO INCREASED DEFORESTATION



REDUCED QUALITY AND ACCESS TO FRESH WATER

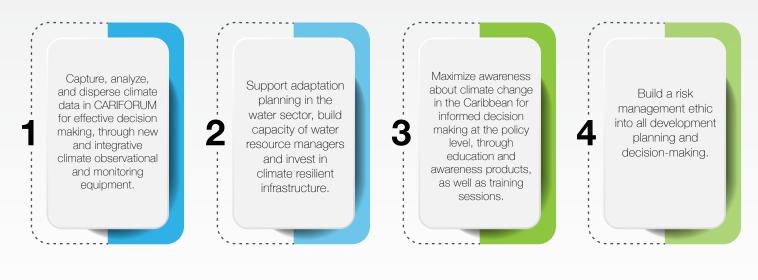
## **PROJECT OBJECTIVES**



## **PARTICIPATING COUNTRIES**

- 1. Antigua and Barbuda
- 2. The Bahamas
- 3. Barbados
- 4. Belize
- 5. Cuba
- 6. Dominica
- 7. Dominican Republic
- 8. Grenada
- 9. Guyana
- 10. Haiti
- 11. Jamaica
- 12. Saint Kitts and Nevis
- 13. Saint Lucia
- 14. Saint Vincent and The Grenadines
- 15. Suriname
- 16. Trinidad and Tobago

## **KEY ACTIVITIES OF THE PROJECT**



Acknowledge . Connit . Act Erkennen . Toewijden . Handelen

Erkennen . Toewijden . Handelen Comprensión. Compromiso. Acción RECONNAÎTRE . S'ENGAGER . AGIR



